Engage Passage Home.

Save the Ship.

FALMOUTH, England, May 23.-The most of the passengers of the American Line steamer Paris, which ran on the rocks off Lowlands Point, near Coverack, Cornwall, early on Sunday morning, while on her way to New York from Southampton, left here on two special trains this morning. Some of them will go on board the North German-Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, which is scheduled to touch at Southampton today, but the majority of them will take passage on board the American Line steamer St. Paul, which is to sail for New York from Southampton on Satur-

The travelers were intensely grateful to the Cornish folk for the unstinted hospitality of the latter, and as the trains moved out the station the passengers lustily cheered those who had assembled on the platform to wish them Godspeed.

Weather Still Favorable.

The weather continues favorable to the stranded ship. A light wind is blowing, and there is no serious amount of wash. Soundings which have been taken show the Paris to be resting more favorably, owing to the fact that she has been considerably light-

She is not straining at all, and there is a perceptible movement of the ship as the swells roll beneath her, showing there is a clear passage, free from the rocks. Should the steamer show signs of sinking when taken in tow, it is proposed to run her on a flat, sandy beach adjoining the place where she stranded.

A high official of the American Line says the prospects of saving the Paris are more hopeful than ever and there is little doubt that she will be successfully towed off.

Pumps to Be Set to Work.

Powerful pumps, belonging to the Liver pool Salvage Association, are expected to arrive at the scene of the wreck this evening, and the divers believe the additional pumps will clear the first four holds. The fifth is so badly pierced that no amount of pumping will clear it. The remaining six holds are secure. It is expected that the steamer, now being evenly balanced, will come off the rocks without sustaining fur-

Officers Refuse to Talk.

The officers of the Paris still refuse to furnish any explanation of her getting out of her course. An official of the board of trade boarded her for the purpose of obtaining some information on the subject, but her officers refused to answer any questions on the ground that the British board of trade has no jurisdiction in the matter and that the inquiry into the disaster must take place in the United States, as the Paris is under the American flag.

MRS. CARPENTER SELECTED.

An Army Officer's Widow to Be Postmaster at Fort Myer.

A spirited contest for the postmastership at Fort Myer, Va., was ended today by the appointment of Mrs. Carpenter, widow of the late Capt. W. L. Carpenter, of the 9th United States Infantry. The office is a very pleasant one in more respects than was eagerly sought after by a number of candidates. The fourth assistan postmaster general Mr. Bristow, has had the papers under consideration for a considerable period, but owing to the complexity of the situation, deferred action until the name of Mrs. Carpenter was presented, with strong indorsements from the military authorities there, as well as in the city. Mr. Bristow promptly decided on her appointment, and the papers were made out

his morning.

Mrs. Carpenter has enjoyed considerable

mrs. carpenter has enjoyed which makes popularity in the army circle, which makes her designation to take charge of the postal service at Fort Myer especially gratifying. Capt. William Carpenter died at Madiso barracks, New York, July 10, 1898, testinal nephritis after an illness of several menths, which prevented his accompanying his regiment to Cuba. He had a credit-able record, having entered the army as a private in the 2d Artiflery July 29, 1864, and eing appointed through merit a second leutenant of the 9th Infantry April 5, 1867. He remained with that regiment until his death, having in the meantime been promoted to the grade of captain October 2, 1887. His widow has been on the temporary roll of the War Department for several months past, but owing to feeble health was not able to perform difficult work.

ENLISTED MEN'S ALLOWANCES.

Recent Decisions by the Secretary of War.

The Secretary of War has made a number of decisions in regard to the allowances of enlisted men. An enlisted man traveling on duty, under orders on a United States transport, will not be allowed commutation of rations for the time he is aboard. He will be quartered with the enlisted men and will mess with them. An enlisted man granted a furlough with permission to travel on a United States transport will be similarly quartered and messed

An enlisted man, a resident of the United States, serving in the islands of Cuba. Porto Rico, Hawaii or the Philippines, desiring to return to the United States after being honorably discharged, will be allowed the usual travel allowances for the land travel involved and free transportation and subsistence by the transport service. No travel allowances will be made to enlisted men in those islands who are honorably discharged to enable them to ac-

An entisted man serving in any of the islands mentioned who is discharged the service in those islands by transfer to an-other branch of the service, or on his own application, or because of confinement by the civil authorities, or by way of punthe civil authorities, or by way of pun-ishment for an offense or misconduct, or on account of fraudulent enlistment is pre-vented by law from being allowed the usual traveling allowances to the place of his original muster into the service, but he will be brought to the United States on a transport free of charge.

ASSAULTED AND ROBBED.

Stanwich, Conn., Merchant Thought

to Be in Dying Condition. GREENWICH, Conn., May 23.-S. Jackson Close, an aged merchant and postmaster of Stanwich, a village about seven miles north of here, was attacked by robbers last night and is now believed to be in a dying

He was struck on the side of the head with a heavy club, and afterward strangled. and left in an unconscious condition. It is thought that the robbers secured but little more than \$10. They overlooked \$50 in bills which Mr. Close had in his vest pocket.

TWO BOATS CAPSIZE.

Twenty-Four Persons Drown Cross ing Rivers in Germany Today. BERLIN, May 23.-Fourteen persons were drowned today by the capsizing of a

ferryboat on the Danube, near Straubing. Bayarta. Another and similar accident occurred to day at Simbath, Bavaria, where ten persons were drowned in the river Ion, one of the principal affluents of the Danube, by the capsizing of a boat.

COMING ON ST. PAUL CLASH OF OPINIONS A WOMAN ASSAULTED

Most of Wrecked Paris Passengers Civil and Military Members of Peace Dastardly Deed of a Colored Man Commission Disagree

WRECK IN FAVORABLE POSITION OVER PARLEY WITH FILIPINOS WIFE AND MOTHER HIS VICTIM

Parley Afterward.

REFUSE TO MAKE STATEMENT A CONFERENCE AT MANILA SEARCH FOR RAVISHER

MANILA, May 23, 6:15 p.m.-The Filipine ommission spent the day at the residence of the American commissioners. They discussed every point of the scheme of government and the peace proclamation details, asking for information as to what personal rights would be guaranteed them. Col. Charles Denby of the American commission explained that they would be the same as under the United States Constitu-

The Filipinos also desired information as to the school system to be established, and approved of the American policy of the eparation of church and state. They chiefly objected to the scheme on the ground that it gave them personal liberty, which they knew they would have, but did not give them political liberty.

Finally, the Filipinos said they were personally pleased with the plan, but could not indorse it officially. During the day the Filipino commission-

ers called upon Maj. Gen. Otis and they will repeat their call tomorrow. Comment on Filipino Outing.

There is much comment here on the outing the Filipino envoys are enjoying. They are arrayed in blue coats, scarlet rousers and gold lace, and drive about the city, reveling in the attention bestowed on them, which is evidently exceedingly gratifying to them.

They are the centers of continual levees at Filipino houses, where they have been entertained and have had every opportunity to advance the interests of the insurrection. Military sentiment disapproves of the Filipinos being lionized by the civilian ele

The army believes that if we intend to re main in the Philippine Islands it will be cheaper in the long run to whip the insur-gents so thoroughly that they will be glad of the opportunity to surrender, rather than to parley with them and make terms which they would construe as a compromise. The army is also of the opinion that

while the first course may cost more mer and money in the beginning than the latter it will prove an effectual damper upon fu ture insurrection, whereas if the war is ended by a compromise the professional revolutionists among the Tagals may be et couraged to try again in a few years.

Prof. Schurman's View. Prof. Schurman, speaking of the com-

mission's policy, said:

"I believe force was necessary, because they thought us weaklings and cowards, but I believe also that conciliation should accompany force. My endeavor has been ever since I came here to exercise concilia-

The professor is most optimistic as to the results of the negotiations and believes the scheme of government proposed by the United States commission will ultimately

FILIPINOS SURRENDER.

Gen. Rostario and a Captain Make Unconditional Capitulation.

MANILA May 23, 6:15 p.m.-Rostario, Filipino congressman, wealthy resident of Manila, and formerly Aguinaldo's commissary general, accompanied by an insurgent captain, called upon Maj. Gen. Otis today and announced that "we desire to surrender our persons and property into the hands of the Americans." The surrender was arranged by Chaplain Heirin of the 14th Regiment, who knew Rosario before

Rosario corresponded in cipher with Gen eral Luna, so he has been closely watched by the officials at Tarlac since the insurrection has been weakening. Rosario only escaped by persuading General Lung to send him on a secret mission to Manlia

for the purpose of collecting funds. With the captain, ten men and their fam lies, Rosario traveled at night, through the swamps and mountains, passed the lines of both armies, and entered Manila last evening. He has been liberated on pa-

According to the story told by Rosario, General Luna is absolute distator and Aguinaldo fears him. Every Filipino leader, it is added, suspects the other of treach.

The recent meeting of the Filipino congress was to secure a new cabinet, and the question of peace was not formally considered, as the members feared Gen. Luna's displeasure. The Filipino government was unable to secure a secretary of

the treasury.

All those who were offered the portfolio declined to accept it. Major Bell, with two companies of the

4th Cavairy, has been reconnoitring in the direction of Santa Arita. He found a hundred Filipinos there and was driving them away when large reinforcements of rebels arrived, and he was

A raft carrying soldiers of the 14th Regiment has been sunk at the Pasig ferry. One man was drowned.

obliged to withdraw with four men wound

The wet season has finally begun and another week's rain will make the rice fields thick with mud.

SEVEN MEN KILLED.

Terrible Explosion in Military Laboratory at Copenhagen.

COPENHAGEN, May 23 .- A terrible explesion has occurred at the military laboratory here. While some workmen were engaged in filling shells some of the latter exploded and killed seven men and severely njured a non-commissioned officer and two workmen. The laboratory was destroyed.

SOLACE REACHES HONOLULU.

Returning Transport Brings Back Sick Soldiers From Manila. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 23 .- The steamer Australia arrived from Honolulu today and brings word that the United States transport Solace arrived at Honolulu May 15 from Manila via Hong Kong.

She has on board a large number of sol-diers and sailors whose time of service has

expired and many invalids and incapaci-

tated men. Among her passengers is Gen. King. Attorney A. S. Humphrey has filed infor mation in the supreme court of Hawaii, charging Attorney General Cooper with misconduct of office. The charges are lengthy and specific, and Attorney General Cooper has been cited to appear before the supreme court in June to answer

Among the passengers on the Australia were Majors Purdy and Nickerson. John M. Hutchinson Dead.

charges.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.-John M. Hutchinson, for fifty years prominent in railroad and financial circles, died today at his home in this city. He was eighty years old and had been ill for some time.

Major Ray Ordered to San Francisco Maj. P. Henry Ray, 8th U. S. Infantry, now awaiting orders in this city, has been ordered to San Francisco, where he will reeive instructions from Gen. Shafter prior to assuming command of the district of north Alaska.

Above Georgetown.

Officials of the Line Hope to Soldiers Say Whip Them and Mrs. Hardy's Experience While Alone in Her Home.

Mrs. Ada Hardy, a prepossessing young white woman, was criminally assaulted this morning about 9 o'clock by a burly unknown negro. The scene of the crime was at the home of the victim, which is located in the county back of University Park, about a mile from the Loughborough road, and about a half mile from the Ridge road, which furnishes a roadway communication to the house. The news of the crime spread soon after it had been committed, and though the locality was thoroughly searched by police and citizens armed with guns and revolvers there was no trace of

the man found. Mrs. Hardy and her two children were the only occupants of the house at the time of the assault. She had just returned from the spring with several buckets of water, when she found her front door open. She spied the form of a colored man open. She spied the form of a colored main sitting in the room, and was so frightened that she could not make an outcry. She entered the house, and by threats the man accomplished his purpose, and after the commission of the crime deliberately searched the house for any money that might be found

might be found. Everything was favorable for the brute. Besides the fact that there were no other persons around the house, there was no one within some distance. About a quarter of a mile away, in an air line, a crowd of workingmen wars about a pusher. workingmen were engaged in making streets. The nearest house to the scene of the assault was fully a half mile away, and it was to this house that the woman sub-sequently went. Some of the land in this vicinity is in cultivation, while the remain-der is covered with thick underbrush and small forests, which afforded excellent op-

portunities for the escape of the assailant.

The house in which the crime was committed is a small frame structure, a little over a story and a half high. In the main portion there are two rooms on the first floor, while the same number of rooms occupied the second floor. To the west of the house, separated by a large old-fashioned brick chimney, a small one-story addition is built, which is also used by the family. Mrs. Hardy says she had risen about 6 o'clock in the morning, and had prepared breakfast for herself and children, fed the chickens and performed various other duties pertaining to her household before the assault occurred. After the brute had left she managed to escape from the house with her baby on her arm and the other child following, and by walking in a roundabout way through the woods reached the home her nearest next-door neighbor, Mrs. of her nearest next-door negative. Polly, which was located over half a mile

The Alarm Given.

One of the women in the Polly household saw her come up the path with her children, but did not recognize her at the time, though the families were well acquainted and frequently visited each other. The face of the woman had so changed from fear and from the shock of the assault that she was not recognized. In a hollow and strange voice she told of the commission of the assault, and without waiting for anything further Mrs. Poliy took steps to send out an alarm. One of the women of the household

walked over to the country residence of Mr. C. C. Glover, which is fully a mile dis-tant across country and much longer by road, and there detailed the circumstances as related by the victim. All of the hands around Mr. Glover's place immediately went out to search for the negro, while a telephone message was sent to Dr. Becker, at Tenleytown, to notify the county police, It so happened that there were very few nen in the county at the time, all of the available force being in the city on detail over the peace jubilee procession. Police-men Smith and Preston of the county mounted force immediately proceeded to the scene, and in a very few moments later Policeman Archambault was found and sent to the place. Word was received at the Georgetown station by a few to 10 o'clock, and in the space of fitteer minutes after 10 o'clock Policemen Berry space of fifteen Trussell and Connors had reache Tenleytown and were driven to the scene of the crime. Later in the day, perhaps 10:30 o'clock, Policeman Furr of the bicy-

cle squad reached the scene.

Police Sent Out. As soon as the news reached police headquarters Major Sylvester directed that a squad of mounted men be sent to the country to look for the criminal. These mounted men were all in full dress for the parade. but Major Sylvester directed that they pay no attention to previous orders. As soon as this order was given the mounted offi-cers removed their dress uniform as far as possible and galloped off in the direction of the scene of the crime. They were ordered to scour the country and make every effort to apprehend the brute. Footmen in the county received similar instructions and all went in search of the one who had committed as borrible a committed to borrible and the committed to borrible a committed to borr ted so horrible a crime. The message re-ceived at headquarters described Mrs. Har-

dy's assaillant as being about thirty years dy's assaillant as being about thirty years oid, dark color and about five feet ten inches tall. He is well built and has full, plump eyes. When he committed the crime he wore a black or dark coat and pants, checkered shirt and blue cap. He has small side whiskers. Detective Horne, who was at headquarters when the report was received was sent out to assist the was received, was sent out to assist the uniformed officers in the investigation. The police joined in the search through surrounding locality, but no sign of the negro was seen. There were footprints sup-posed to have been made by him, which inicated that the negro was going Georgetown. This was all the ciues that could be furnished. The outraged woman

remained at the home of Mrs. Polly, suffer ing from the shock, being afraid to return Two hours after the commission of the crime, in company with a policeman, she went back, leaving her children in the friend's house, and made an examination of her belongings to see if the ravisher had stolen anything of value. The woman had

left the house with the negro still in the room, and when she returned with a police-man all of the bureau drawers were found wide open, and the contents thoroughly rifled. A Star reporter reached the scene of the crime just as Mrs. Hardy returned for the first time after the assault. There were first time after the assault. There were only a few men in the locality and they were on the lookout for the brute. Several policemen were present, and all were arm-ed. It would have been a serious thing for the negro had he been captured, as the

civilians far outnumbered the police, and there was more than one remark made about lynching. The Victim's Story.

From Mrs. Hardy a complete and detailed story of the crime was secured. Though somewhat dazed by the occurrence, and quite nervous, she related the details of one of the most helnous crimes that has ever en committed in the District. The story

been committed in the District. The story of Mrs. Hardy is as follows:

"I had just returned from the spring, which is located down by the bushes there (a distance of perhaps 300 yards), and when I came back I saw that the door was open. I had left it closed. I looked in and there saw a big negro with a checkered shirt sitting on the couch. I set the buckets down and picked up the blade of an old scythe and entered the house. I was scared, but I did not want the negro to see that I was, hoping that he would go away.

"When I entered the house with the scythe he pulled out a revolver and threatened to kill me, ife made me drop the scythe blade, and then asked if I had anything to eat in the house. The negro looked so ferocious that I thought he was going to kill me, and I was so seared that I almost fell on the floor.

"I told him that I did have something to eat, and he ordered me to get it. I went upstairs to the kitchen and got two slices."

eat, and he ordered me to get it. I went upstairs to the kitchen and got two slices of bread, poured sirup on them and came down and gave it to him. There was no way of me escaping from upstairs.

"After he took the bread the negro took"

"After he took the bread the negro took"

a few bites and then placed it on the

"'Have you got by money?' he asked "Have you got my money? he asked me.

"I told him that I did not have any, and he said that he knew better. He said he knew that my husband had given me money on Sunday when he left, and he wanted it. I told him that there were only a few pennies the grawer. He pulled out his revolver sain and threatened to kill me if I said anything and didn't tell him where the money was. I told him that I would not say anything, and begged him not to kill me."

"I have killed one person, said he, and it won't hurt to kill another. This is a good place to hide and you are all alone. I guess I'll fix you."

All that the woman remembers after that

All that the woman remembers after that is that the negro grasped her tightly around the neck, pressed one arm so tightly into her side that two hours later when talking to the reporter she complained of the pain, and threw her on the couch. Her dress was somewhat torn by the rude handling, and it was her opinion that the negro kept her down for fully lifteen minnegro kept her down for fully fifteen min-utes. She was so frightened that she could not make an outery or offer any re-sistance. Had she made any outery it is hardly likely that any one would have heard it, on account of the remoteness of the habitation

the habitation.

Afterward the man began to search the bureau drawers. The woman in an attempt to leave begged the man to let her feed her little chickens, her mind being in such a condition that she could not think of any other excuse. The negro did not even turn around from his labor of searching the drawers when the request was made. Catching her baby in her arms, the mother slipped from the house, the other child following, went around to the side of the place and then entered the underbrush and woods by a circuitous route for the home of Mrs. Polley. the habitation.

Polley.
The first thought that entered her mind The first thought that entered her mind was to run to the residence of Mrs. Babcock, another neighbor, somewhat further away, but situated on the road. After leaving the house and passing around the east side she could not do this without the chance of the negro seeing her, and rather than run this risk she went as swiftly as she could to the nearest house, where the alarm was given!

By the time the police and civilians

reached the scene the ravisher was not visible. He had plenty of time in which o escape, and he evidently took time by the forelock. The first arrivals at the scene searched the house thoroughly, in the hopes of finding the brute, but he had de-parted. A search was immediately insti-tuted, the men thoroughly scouring the woods, but they were unsuccessful in get-ting sight of the man wanted.

Was Acquainted With Place.

The police are of the opinion that the negro was one well acquainted with the neighborhood, and also well acquainted with the family of Mrs. Hardy. The remarks he made to the woman led to this belief, and he further told her that he knew her husband would not be home until Friday or Saturday. Had he not information to this effect he would never have been bold enough to take the step he did, according to the view the pollee take of the matter.

Mrs. Hardy was not only alone at the Mrs. Hardy was not only alone at the

time of the assault, but for the greater part of the time is alone in the house. Her ausband is employed on one of the lime down the waterway for burning in the Georgetown kilps. The husband leaves the wife alone quite frequently, but is rarely gone for over three or four days at a time. At present he is out on a much longer trip than usual till had a mach longer trip. than usual, the boat upon which he is working going to Monocacy or some other place up the canal, instead of at Seneca.

the usual place for triking on a load.

While he is gone the wife is practically alone, though her brother sometimes sleeps in the house. The brother is employed by Mr. Andrew Riley, the butcher, and some-times does not come to the house on ac-count of the lafeness of the hour at which count of the lafeness of the hour at which he leaves work and the distance he has to travel. An old German formerly boarded at the house, but he left a short time ago, and since then the wife has been alone the greater part of the time, with only her children to keep her company.

Mrs. Hardy is twenty-two years of age, and has been married for four years. Her maiden name is Sorrell; and her home is in King George county-Va. not a very great.

King George county, Va., not a very great distance from Colonial Beach.

Not Identified.

Frank P. Fayne, a colored laborer, who gave his age as thirty-one years, was arrested at 11:30 this m Birkige, on suspicion of being the ravisher. A description of the man was furnished him by Policemen Connors and Trussel, who searched the woods from the Loughboro' road to the New Cut road. Fayne was found at his home and taken to the sta-

tion. He is employed by Contractor Thoma Barnes, and has been at work for a week or longer at the residence of Mr. McLarer which is located within a half mile of the ene of the assault. The fact that Fayne did not go to work today was regarded as suspicious.

At 2:30 this afternoon Mrs. Hardy appeared at the Georgetown station and look-ed at the man for the purpose of identification. She stated positively that Fayne was not the man, the real culprit being slightly taller and darker in color than he. Fayne will be released from custody, while the search for the guilty man will be con-

HONOR FOR MR. WHITE

American Ambassador Named as Honorary President of Committee.

THE HAGUE, May 23 .- The chiefs of the delegations to the peace conference held a private meeting this morning at the House in the Woods, and afterward informed their colleagues of the arrangements made for a choice of presidents of the various committees, as agreed upon last evening. The delegates approved of the selections made. The conference held a plenary sitting at

noon. The selections were then officially ratified without incident. The following is a list of the members of the first committee:

Honorary presidents, Count von Munster, head of the German delegation, and Andrew D. White, head of the American delegation; effective president, M. DeBeernaort, head of the Belgian delegation; vice president, A. P. C. Van Karnsbeck, head of the

delegation of the Netherlands. It is divided into two sections, war and marine. The vice presidents of the war section are Lieut. Gen. Abdulia Pasha of the Turkish delegation, Maj. Gen. Ardagh of the British delegation, and Brig. Gen. Monnier of the French delegation. The vice presidents of the marine section are Vice Admiral Fisher of the British delegation, Vice Admiral Pethan of the French delegation, and Capt. Siegel of the German dele-

THE DEWEY FUND. Vice President Hohart One of the Contributors Today.

At noon today the Dewey home fund in the hands of the treasurer amounted to \$3,709, the sum of \$194 having been received since yester ay. Among the day's contributors was Vice President Hobart. He sent a check for \$100. There were two Washington contributors, William H. Christian, 10 cents, and Robert J. Coffmann, 50 cents.

Major Allen's New Duties. Maj. James Allen, Signal Corps, U. S. A has been relieved from further duty on the staff of Maj. Gen. Miles and assigned to duty as an assistant in the office of the chief signal officer of the army.

Pension Prauds. John Lemmon, a prominent farmer re siding near Colerain, Ohio, has been arrested for fraudulently obtaining a pension. John M. Heenan, a notary public of Char-

lotte, N. Y., was convicted in the United States district court on the 10th instant upon the charge of having illegally executed certain pension vouchers. A caveat to the will of the late William

Trial of George W. Horton Drawing Testimony of Engineer on Second Sec- Sugar Makes Another Sharp Advance

Introduces Evidence in Rebuttal.

The beginning of the end of the trial of George W. Horton for the murder of Mrs. Jane Nicholson was noted this morning, in Criminal Court No. 1. It was known when court opened that the defense would conclude its case in an hour or two; that the government would wind up its rebuttal during the remainder of the day, and that by tomorrow evening the matter would be placed in the hands of the jury for deter mination. The attendance was very much smaller today than at any time since the trial began, but the deepest interest was manifested by every one in the room.

Frederick S. Coburn a Witness. Among the witnesses called late yesterday afternoon was Frederick S. Coburn, who is undergoing a term of imprisonment in the Ohio penitentiary at Columbus. At the request of the defense, the court directed that Coburn be brought to this city to testify in behalf of Horton. Mr. Coburn formerly conducted a drug store at the southwest corner of 9th street and New York avenue. He was convicted of violation of the postal law when he

was in charge of the post office substation at the place mentioned.

The witness stated that he had occasion to closely observe Horton for two months at the District jail and considered his mind unbalanced; a man of weak moral char-acter, dangerous and one who should be watched. The witness explained that he had had considerable experience in cases

Ossie Klinger, an operator in the electrical department at police headquarters, formerly a member of the police force, testified that he at one time performed with Horton. Once the latter, without warning, drew his pistol and fired two shots past the head of the witness. Horton never talked intelligently. The witness asked to be transferred to another precinct so that he would not be compelled to serve with Horton. The defendant was insane at times, said Mr. Klinger.

John Hancock, nephew of the accused, and John Connell also made statements as to alleged insane actions on the part of Horton.

Just before court adjourned yesterday it was stated that the defense would probably

not call more than three additional wit-

Answers Hypothetical Questions. The first witness for the defense today was Dr. Irving C. Rosse, who explained that he has been engaged in the practice of medicine for thirty-nine years, holds diplomas issued by several well-known universities, is an active member of a number of medical societies and has written several medical works. Dr. Rosse testified as to the classifications of insanity, saying that hereditary insanity is recognized. The witness then answered favorably to the defense a hypothetical question, tending to show the probable mental condition of a person, under certain circumstances, one of whose parents and a number of other near relatives were insane. Continuing, Dr. Rosse explained the meaning of halluci-

Another hypothetical question was put to Dr. Rosse, embracing the main points of the testimony covering the alleged queer actions on the part of Horton. In the opinion of the witness such a person would be of unsound mind, suffering, specifically, of "baranoia." "paranoia"

Was a Witness in Guiteau Case. statements to the effect that Dr. Chapin. who testified for the government, is regarded as an expert on insanity only by a few lawyers, and not by the medical profes-

"You testified in the Guiteau case that the defendant was insane, did you not?" inquired Assistant District Attorney Shil-"I did." replied Dr. Rosse

"And Guiteau was convicted and hanged," remarked Mr. Shillington, "He was," answered the witness, "but the post-mortem examination demonstrated that the man's brain was diseased and that

my testimony was accurate.' Testimony in Rebuttal. The defense at this point announced that its case was closed, and the government thereupon began the introduction of testimony in rebuttal, placing Lieut, Hollin-

berger of the fourth

stand. Lieut Hollinberger testified that Horton served under him, and was assigned to important work. The witness considered the man entirely sane. W. Gessford of the fifth Lieut. James police precinct, Lieut, Isaac Pearson, inspector of police, and Sergt. E. N. Burgess of the fifth police precinct testified to hav-ing had occasion to observe Horton while he was connected with the force. They all

testified that the defendant, in their opinion, was sane at the time referred to. Dr. Percy Hickling, formerly a police surgeon, told the jury that he attended Horton professionally for several years, and from his observation of the defendant, in

that the defendant is not perfectly sound in Lieut, McCathran of the ninth police pre cinct, under whom Horton at one time served, in the fifth precinct, testified that he be lieved the man to be of sound mind, and a

recess was then taken. Corroborative Testimony.

John Stewart, W. T. Anderson, George G. Augusterfer, William Vermillion and Charles S. Baum, all members of the metropolitan police force, testified, as did the preceding witness, in effect, that they had never noticed any actions on the part of Horton that would indicate insanity. Mr. Frank Hume, who indersed Herton's application for appointment on the police force, appeared before the jury, and expressed it as his opinion that the defendant

is of sound mind. Mr. George R. Repetti described a real estate transaction between Horton and himself, and remarked that the defendant conducted himself as any man would in thorough possession of his senses. next witnesses, Mr. N. H. Shea, Mr. James C. Ergood, Mr. M. I. Weller, testified to the same effect.

Reviewing Stand. Others present on the reviewing stand

were: Representative Alexander of Buffalo: Controller and Mrs. Dawes, Commis sioners Wight, Ross and Beach, Assistant Commissioner Craighead, Judge Hagner, Judge Bingham, Judge Scott, Judge Kimball, Civil Service Commissioners Harlow, Brewer and Proctor, V. Baldwin Johnson Mitchell Dyrenforth and E. B. Hoy. In the diplomatic corps were the Russian. German, French and Mexican ambassadors with attaches of the embassie

John Hawkins, Thomas J. Mitchell and James Woodward, officials connected with the District jail, testified in substance that from their observation of Horton since he has been confined in jail they consider him

Jail Officials as Witnesses.

warden Harris; of the jail, Charles R. Vernon, formerly a ligutenant of police, and J. A. Kemp, chief clerk of the police department, were next called to testify in support of the contention that Horton is sane. This line of testimony was being introduced when The Star's report closed. Copy of Will Filed

late Angeline Lee Howard, from the pro-bate court of Hartford, Conn., was filed here this afternoon. Government Receipts. Government receipts from internal revenue today, \$317,625; customs, \$1,020,279; miscellaneous, \$35,439; expenditures, \$1,350.

THE END IN VIEW SAW WHITE LIGHTS FINANCE AND TRADE

tion at Exeter Wreck.

Defense Closes and Prosecution Stopped First Section on Orders Tax Legislation May Cause Another

BOTH SIDES REPRESENTED FLAGMAN'S MISTAKE GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

From Reading, Pa.

READING, Pa., May 23.-The second day's session of the coroner's inquest into the horror at Exeter station was attended by an audience even much larger than yesterday. Additional witnesses have been subpoensed, and the testimony will not all be in before tomorrow evening. Calvin H. Lesher, the operator at Exeter, was the first witness. He declared he displayed the red signal to stop the express on orders from the train dispatcher's office at Reading. The train arrived at 8:49 o'clock. He said: "When the train stopped I told Reading: 'No. 12, the express, is here.' 'Wait a minute,' Reading said, and next I was told 'Let No. 12 go,' and I gave the fireman the clearance card. The fireman took the card, but the collision occurred before the train got away."

got away."

The second train came along at 8:51. Lesher said he never saw a stop of this kind before where no man was sent back. Later he contradicted himself.

W. H. Wentzel, agent and day operator at Exeter, said that trains are supposed to run five minutes apart.

A. E. Magee of Norristown, conductor of the second section, who is an extra conductor, said his train left Heading at 8:42, the first section having departed six minutes earlier at 8:36, and it was 8:53 by his watch when the second section reached Exeter.

Exeter. Harry Orrell, engineer of the second section, said his train was going about forty-five miles an hour when he rounded the curve at Exeter. He saw two men on the north-bound freight track with white lights and he took them for signals. He was told after the wreck that a freight flagman had been told to swing his red light, but by mistake took his white lantern. Orrell was about 400 yards from the first section when he saw the order board at Exeter. could not stop in time, as the first section was then backing.

ARMSTEAD TAYLOR CASE. Belief That He Will Be Tried in

Armstead Taylor is still in jail, while the authorities await developments. He prefers a trial in this city, unless by going to Maryland he can have John Alfred Brown share his fate. Precinct Detective Burrows of the seventh precinct went to Rockville today to appear as a witness before the

grand jury of the county. The opinion entertained at the city hall today, by those in a position to know, is that the grand jury will not indict Taylor; that a requisition from the governor of Maryland will reach here Thursday and be presented to Chief Justice Bingham, and that Taylor will be turned over to the Maryland officials by the authorities here, without opposition.

The local grand jury was not in session today, but will meet tomorrow.

THE SLIDELL MURDER.

Judge's Charge to Grand Jury Specially Assembled.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. ROCKVILLE, Md., May 23 .- In response to the recent order of Judge Henderson, the grand jury which sat at the March term of the circuit court reassembled here this morning. Judge Henderson's charge to the jury was brief. He stated that the having the Slidell murder investigated, and he admonished the jury to look into the matter thoroughly and minutely. He referred to the tragedy as one of the most atrocious possible to be committed, and promised that, upon the return of an indictment, every effort would be made to brins

the party or parties to a speedy trial

School Site Accepted. The offer of Messrs, R.W. Walker & Son of a site for the four-room public school to be located in Takoma Park was today accepted by the District Commissioners. The site. which was approved by the committee on schools of the Takoma Park Citizens' Association, commences on the Piney Branch road at a point on the west side of said road 180 feet from the northeast corner of the one-acre tract of C. F. Lewis, running thence southwesterly with the west line of said road 180 feet to said northeast corner of said one-acre lot tract, thence with the dividing line between the property of C. F. Lewis, Theodore Lay and Col. Ayres north 59 degrees, west 187 feet, thence at right angles with said last mentioned line north easterly 140 feet, and thence easterly in a straight line to place of beginning. site contains about 20,920 square feet, he price to be paid is 10 cents per square

feet, or \$2,992.

England Buys Locomotives Here. PHILADELPHIA, May 23.-The Grand Central Railway of Engiand has placed an order for twenty locomotives with the Baldwin works of this city. They are to be freight engines, of the same character and design as those now under construction at Baldwin's for the Midland railway of Eng-Another English railway, the Great Northern, recently ordered a number of en-

gines from the Baldwin works

Sketch of Lieut. P. C. Foster. ST. PAUL, Minn., May 23 .- Second Lieut, Pierce C. Foster, 3d Infantry, whose death by typhoid fever was today reported by Gen. Otis at Manila, was a member of the West Point class graduated last February in advance of the usual time in order to fill positions in the army which would other wise become vacant. He was appointed from New Hampshire and went to Manila to join his regiment immediately after ap-

Setting a Scandalous Example.

rom the Boston Post. The discussion of recent cases of divorce among the wealthy and fashionable people of New York has become widespread. Pul-plt and press join in the general denunciation. The moral sense of the American people has been aroused with a shock to the American ecognize the fact of the shameful record of the disregard of the most sacred family tie among the class which assumes to represent society. It is a scandalous example, more widely detrimental because set by people whose wealth and social position ive influence to their acts and inspire imitation.

A New Order of Things. From the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Nebraska farmers will plant spring wheat where winter wheat has been killed out. Formerly some of them would have re-planted nothing, talked calamity and planted nothing, talked calamity and blamed their luck on the demonetization of silver.

CHICAGO, May 23.—Grain:

CHICAGO, May 23.—Grain:

Open.

Wheat—July. 74%
Sept. 74%
Sept. 33%
Sept. 34%
Oafs—July 23%
Sept. 20% High. 75% 75 33% 34% 23% 20% Low. Close. 74% 74% 74% 74% 33% 33% 34% 22% 20% 20% CHICAGO, May 23. rovistons: Open, High, 8.27 8.82 8.45 8.47 5.12 5.15 5.27 6.27 4.72 4.75 4.85 4.87 An exemplified copy of the will of the Low. Close. 8.22 8.27 8.37 8.42 5.12 5.15 5.25 5.27 4.72 4.75 4.85 4.87 Pork-July..... NEW YORK, May 23. High. 5.91 5.92 5.87 5.92 Low. 3p.m. 5.88 5.91 5.89 5.92 5.86 5.87 5.89 5.92

in Price Today.

DOCTOR'S VIEW OF HYPOTHETICAL CASE | TELEGRAPH ORERATOR'S STORY BALANCE OF LIST WAS

Drop in Market.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

NEW YORK, May 23,-Narrow and professional operations again made up the local stock market, the price movement being irregular, but in the main steady. The return of London to active business was not a factor of any considerable importance, but the American list was given rather good support at that center.

Locally, a disposition to await developments in the franchise tax legislation was a deterrent influence and local traction a deterrent influence and local traction shares continue to reflect the doubts as to the outcome of that measure. The stocks most concerned were given relatively good support, and while advances invariably invited new sales, aggressiveness was less pronounced than for several days.

Any change for the better in this measure would undoubtedly result in a sharp cover-

Any change for the better in this measure would undoubtedly result in a sharp covering of all outstanding contracts. The dulliness of the last few days is taken as an indication of caution on the part of the selling element. Should the tax matter come back unimproved, from the corporation standpoint, the effect upon local sentiment would in all likelihood extend to a rather pessimistic attitude toward the entire list. Properties not influenced in the slightest degree by the acts of the legislature of this state might be forced into sympathetic weakness. Should this forecast prove correct there will be some very good stocks at bargain prices, in case the worst of present fears are realized.

There are some rather good judges of legislative prospects who incline to the view that the necessary amendments will be enacted into law and that stocks are

be enacted into law and that stocks are a purchase on all present reactions in con

sequence.

As a probable means of offsetting an attack on a particular group of stocks some one property may be taken up and made to lead a disorganized list back into a rational American Sugar, with enviable records

American Sugar, with enviable records for past successes in this particular, has already given evidence of manipulation which may essentially serve this purpose. The rumors, vague and much contradicted, of an early ending of the trade war are listened to with some impatience in certain quarters, but if the old and experienced interests elect to make good the prediction that the stock would sail at 200 the early that the stock would sell at 200 the early that the stock would sell at 200 the early future would be as good a time as any.

The price moved up again today and was allowed to recede sharply, only to be forced back smartly. Erratic though the fluctua-

tions are, the price moves about just as it has done for years prior to a big move-ment. These preliminary tactics are mis-leading at times, because the main direc-tion is rarely outlined in the preliminary convertions. While the present volume of business ontinues there is little prospect of perma continues there is little prospect of perma-nent advances. Traders are in control of the situation and some new enthusiasm must be injected into the situation. The large interests are watchful, and when the

time is ripe for an advance or the need for support arises they may be relied upon to come forward. FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

New York Stock Market. Open. High. Low. p.m. American Cotton Oll 11% American Spirits...... American Spirits.pfd... A.S. Wire 113 82% 64% 97% American Sugar.... American Tobacco... 18% 58% 51% Baitimore & Onio, w. 1. 25 112 5832 25 % 130 % 587 Brooklyn Rapid Transit. Brooklyn Rapid Transit.
Canada Southern
Central Pacine
Chesapeake & Ohio.
C., C. C. & St. Jonis
Chicago, B. & Q.
Chicago& Northwestern
Chicago Gas.
C. M. & St. Paul. 5214 25 52

152% 152% 118 122% 109% 933% 1396 166% 116% 76% Chicago, R. I. & Pacific Chie St. P., M. & O. . Chig. & G. Western . 185% 185% 166% 117 16% n. & Rio Grande, pta 60% 81% 118 113% 58% 80% 115% Federai Steel, pfd. General Electric..... lilinois Central Louisville & Nashville

65% 225 Metropontan Traction... Manhattan Elevated ... 2:9% 109% 4:3% 33% 32 M. K. & T., pfd..... New Jersey Central New York Central Northern Pacific, Northern Pacific, ptd... 18134 4834 7634 4834 128 16% isylvania R. R. hua. & iteading .. outnern Pacific. Southern Rallway ...

50% 19% 57% 42% 75% 42% S. Leatner, pro 47 S. Kubber S. Kubber, pfq. 20% 20% 91% 91% 54% 54% 82% 88% Wabasa, pfc 20% 91% 54% 32% Reading 1sts..... Washington Stock Exchange

outhern Ry., plu.....

enn. Coni & Iron. . . .

Union Pacific.

lexas Pacifi

Sales—regular call, 12 o'clock m.—U. S. 3s, regis-tered, \$500 at 168%. Washington Gas. 40 at 51%, Washington Gas. 40 at 51%, 15 at 51%, 38 at 51%, 50 at 51%, 15 at 15%, all s. o. b. Mergenmaier Linotype, 5 at 202, 10 at 20%, 5 at 201%, 10 at 201%. Lamston Monotype, 100 at 19%, 100 at 19%, 100 at 19%. American Graphophone, 35 at 13%, District of Columbia Bonds.—20 year Fand. 5s, 100 bid. Water Stock currency 7s, 105 bid. Fund. currency 3.65s, 117 bid. 118% asked.

Miscellaneous Fonds.—Metropolitan Railroad 5s. currency 3.65s, 117 bid, 118b₂ asked.

Misceilanceous Bonds.—Metropolitan Railroad 5s, 123 bid, 126 asked. Metropolitan Railroad cert. indebt., A, 117 asked. Metropolitan Railroad cert. indebt., B, 116 asked. Metropolitan Railroad cert. indebt., B, 116 asked. Columbia Railroad 2d mort. 5s, 109b₂ bid, 110 asked. Washington Gas Company. ser. A, Gs, 109b₂ bid. Washington Gas Company. ser. B, Gs, 109b₂ bid. Washington Gas Company and Potomac Telephone 5s, 104 bid. American Security and Trust 4s, 100 bid. Washington Market Company inp. 6s, 108 bid. Washington Market Company imp. 6s, 108 bid. Washington Market Company cert., Gs, 108 bid. Masonic Hall Association bid. National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington beach.

bid. National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington, 340 bid. Metropolitan, 475 bid. Central, 160 bid. Farmers and Mechanics', 210 bid. Second. 158 bid. Citizens', 160 bid. Columbia, 145 bid. 158 asked. Capital, 130 bid. West Ead, 120 bid, 125 asked. Traders', 122 bid, 125 asked. Lincoln, 126 asked.

asked.

Safe Deposit and Trust Companies.—National Safe
Deposit and Trust, 140 bld, 143½ asked. Washington Loan and Trust, 153 bld, 160 asked. American
Security and Trust, 196 asked. Washington Safe
Deposit, 60 bld. Deposit, 60 bid.

Insurance Stocks.—Firemen's, 34 bid. Franklin, 47 bid, 60 asked. Metropolitan, 80 bid. Corcoran, 60 bid. Potomac, 72 bid. Arlington, 140 bid, 160 asked. German-American, 210 bid. National Union, 12% bid, 13 asked. Columbia, 14 bid, 15 asked. Riggs, 8% bid, People's, 6% bid, 6% asked. Lincoln, 12% bid, 13 asked. Commercial, 4% bid, 4% asked.

coin, 12% bid, 13 asked. Commercial, 4% bid, 4% asked.

Title Insurance Stocks.—Real Estate Title, 93 bid, 110 asked. Columbia Title, 5% bid, 6 asked. District Title, 2% bid, 3% asked.

Baliroad Stocks.—Capital Traction Co., 91% bid, 92 asked. Metropolitan, x227 bid. Metropolitan trust receipts, 227 bid. Columbia trust receipts, 227 bid. Columbia trust receipts, 147 bid. City and Suburban, 40 bid, 42% asked.

Gas and Electric Light Stocks.—Washington Gas, x50% bid, 51 asked. Georgetown Gas, 65 asked.

Telephone Stocks.—Chesapeake and Potomac, 77% bid, 80 asked.

Miscellaneous Stocks.—Mergenthaler Light volume. Grain, Provisions and Cotton Markets. Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1419 F st., members New York stock exchange, correspondents Messrs. La-denburg, Thalmann & Co., New York. bid, 80 asked.

Miscellaneous Stocks.—Mergenthaler Linotype, 2015, bid, 202 asked. Lanston Monotype, 18% bid, 19 asked. American Graphophone, 13% bid, 14 asked. American Graphophone preferred, 13% bid, 14 asked. Paematic Gan Carriage, 36 bid, 45 asked. Washington Market, 13 bid. Great Falls Ice, 145 bid, 165 asked. Norfolk and Washington Steambont, 105 bid. Lincoln Hall, 100 asked.

Government Bonds